

VanSplash Aquatic Strategy Report Reference

Regular Park Board Meeting Monday, June 19, 2017



Purpose



To introduce draft recommendations to the Board for information prior to phase 2 of public engagement.



Previous Board Motions



On May 30, 2016, a Board resolution was passed:

THAT the Vancouver Board of Parks and Recreation direct staff to explore quick start strategies, including the reallocation of existing capital funding, to expedite the construction of new outdoor pools in the City of Vancouver.

On June 13, 2016 a Board resolution was passed:

- A. THAT the Vancouver Board of Parks and Recreation direct staff to report back to the Board by the end of summer of 2016 with wading pool locations suitable for a pilot project to retrofit the pool with a salt water sanitization system and a custom safety cover and liner; and
- B. FURTHER THAT this wading pool retrofit pilot project be operational for the summer 2017 wading pool season, with funds to be reallocated from existing capital funds earmarked for decommissioning wading pools.

Outline



- Introduction (objectives, process)
- Draft Recommendations and Key Analysis:
 - Non-Traditional Aquatics
 - Indoor Pools
 - Outdoor Pools
 - Wading Pools, Spray Parks, Beaches

Context – Existing System



















Strategy Objectives and Progress - Scope



- Reviews condition, effectiveness and performance of current system.
- Validates optimum city-wide service levels and delivery, including metrics.
- Establishes a timeline for renewal and replacement of existing facilities (indoor and outdoor).
- Assesses the feasibility and recommends the location of a new outdoor pool.
- Considers aquatic services within a 25 year time-frame (accounting for anticipated population growth).
- Provides a 10 year Implementation Plan, but a longer vision.

Strategy Objectives and Progress - Scope



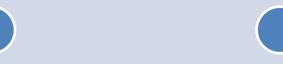
- Broadens the definition of aquatics to include beaches, wading pools, spray parks.
- Explores recommendations for new and innovative directions, and the idea of water as only one component of the destination.
- Seeks to:
 - enhance social inclusion
 - support community and personal well-being

Process & Schedule



Phase 1: Policy Review, Current State Analysis & Round 1 public consultation





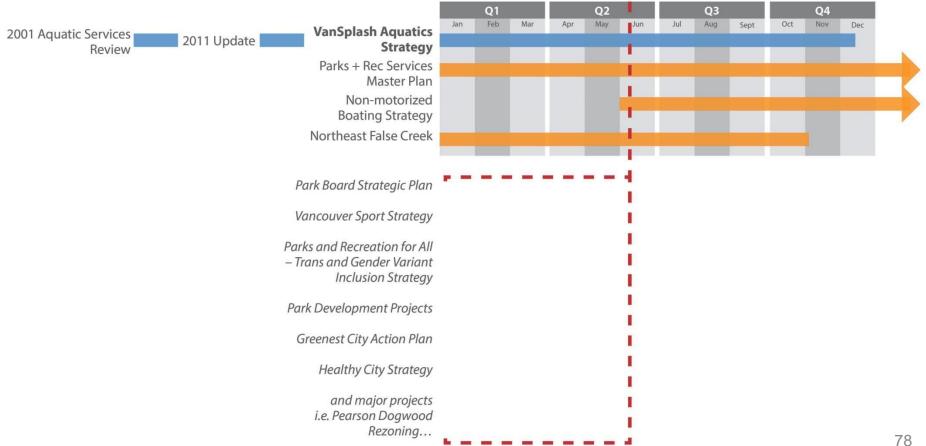


Analysis & Recommendations Spring - Summer

Round 2
Public
Consultation
September

Policy Framework





Process to Date



Phase 1 Consultation Current State Analysis

Precedent Study

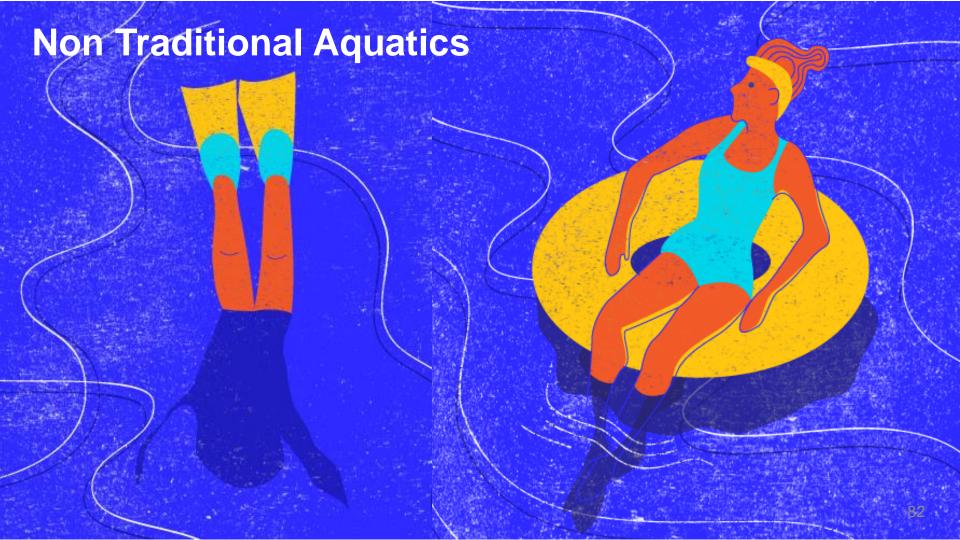
Phase 2

Themes



- Vancouver's unique aquatic context.
- Focus on a broader range of experiences.
- Broader definition of aquatic services the idea of water as only one component of the destination.

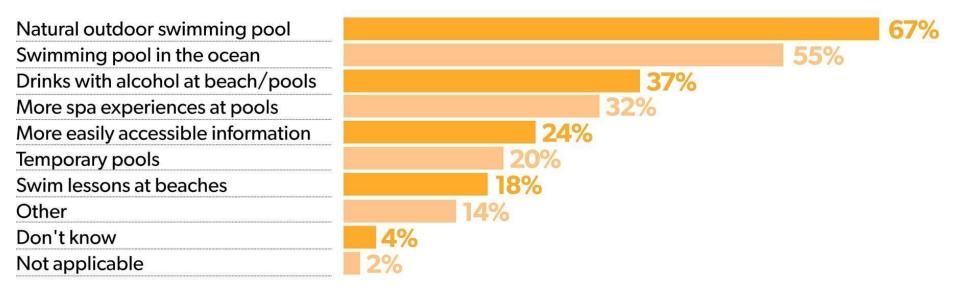




Non-Traditional Aquatics



MOST POPULAR FUTURE INNOVATIVE EXPERIENCES:



Non-Traditional Aquatics - Introduction





More diversity of experiences, opportunities for greater equity across the city.

































Hierarchy of Vancouver's Pools



LEVEL	DESCRIPTION + PROVISION STANDARD	EXAMPLES	PRIMARY AQUATIC SERVICE CATEGORIES DELIVERED
NEIGHBOURHOOD	Modest pools with a 25 m six lane tank providing basic aquatic services for a local area of 60,000 to 90,000 residents, with capacity for about 200,000 swims per year	Renfrew	Skill DevelopmentFitness Swimming
COMMUNITY	A multi-tank pool with more specialized aquatic services serving one quarter to one half of the City, with capacity for about 400,000 swims per year	Killarney	Therapy and rehab
CITY-WIDE (DESTINATION)	Much more comprehensive multi- tank pools serving all residents of the City, centrally located and easily accessible from all parts of the City, with capacity for about 750,000 to 800,000 swims per year	Hillcrest Vancouver Aquatic Centre	Recreational SwimmingSport trainingLeadership TrainingSpecial Events









- 2001 Strategy represented the beginning of a transformation of the system.
- 2011 Update confirmed the success of the new hierarchy of facility sizes (Hillcrest and Killarney).

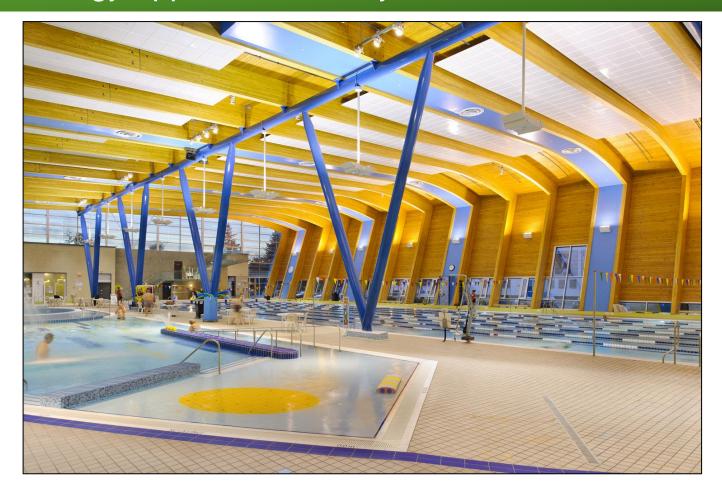






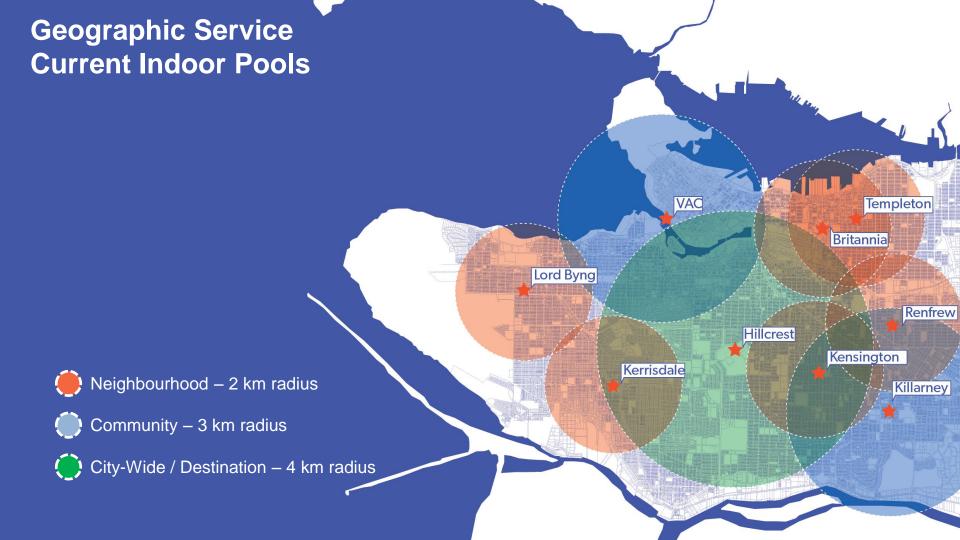




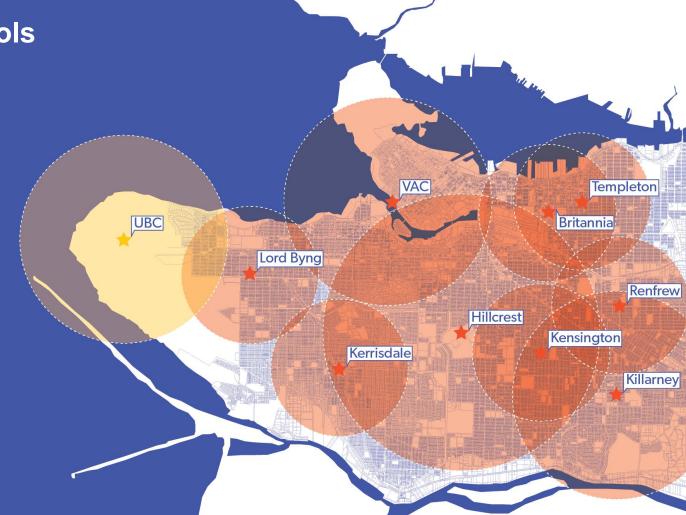




- The 2017 strategy builds on this transformation:
 - continuing to focus on renewal of indoor facilities
 - while increasing the capacity of the system to accommodate anticipated population growth.
- Increase 2001 swim target from 4 to 5 swims/capita.
- Retain geographic coverage target.



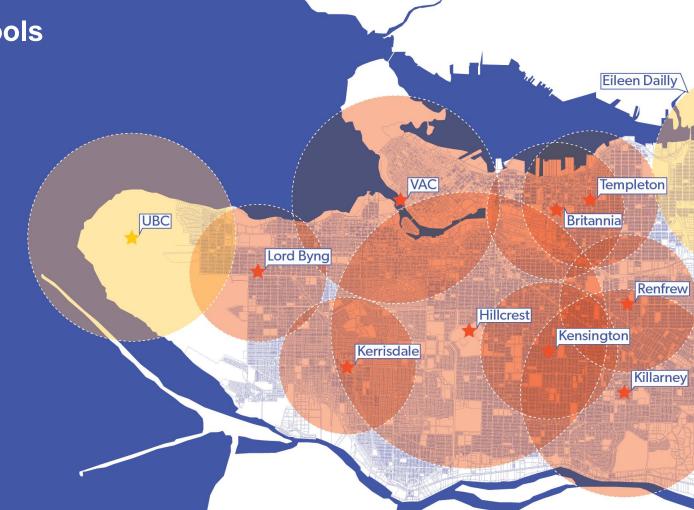












Other facilities

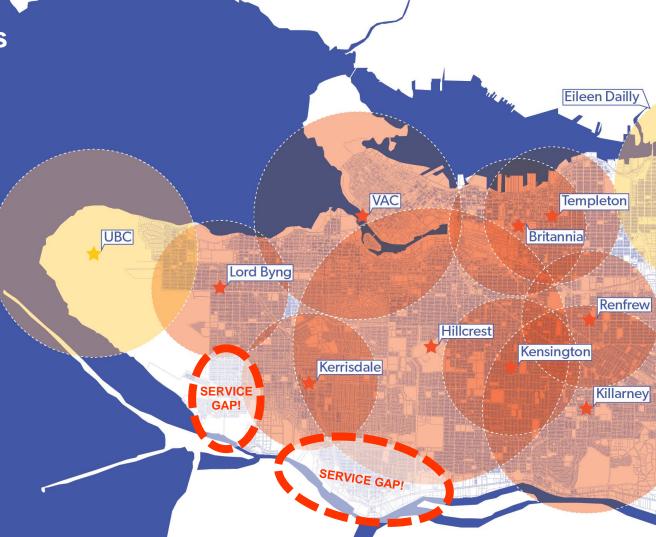
VPB facilities

Current Indoor Pools

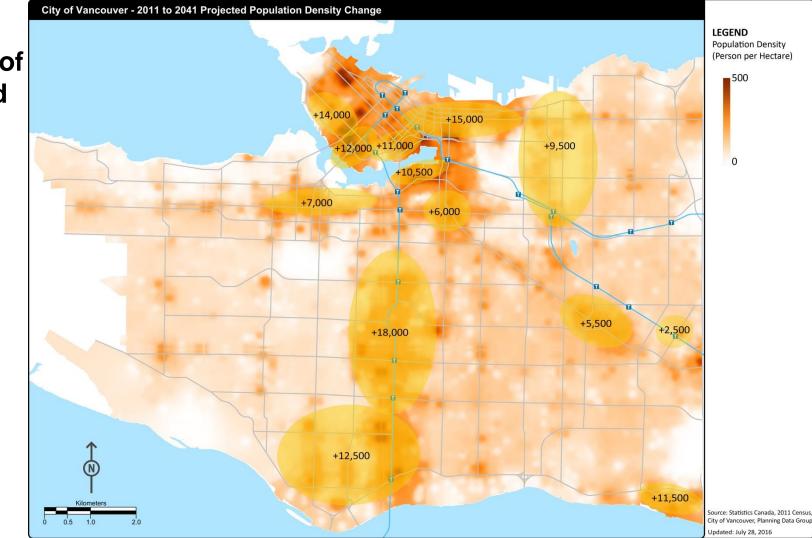
Geographically, all areas of Vancouver are well served with indoor pool facilities within the targeted range of a 10 minute drive, with the exception of a small area in South Vancouver.

Other facilities

VPB facilities



Key Areas of Anticipated Growth & Density (25 Years)



Current State Highlights: Demographic Influences



- The population is expected to grow by up to 15% over the next 25 years.
- It is expected to age significantly, with fewer net school aged children.
- With an aging population, we foresee a change in swimming programming and need to be able to adapt. (aligned with Park Board Motion: Seniors Strategy (02/2016))

New Targets

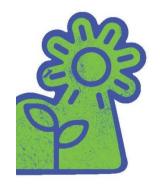












Social Inclusivity

Engaging People

Well-being

Sustainability

Connection to Nature

Active Living

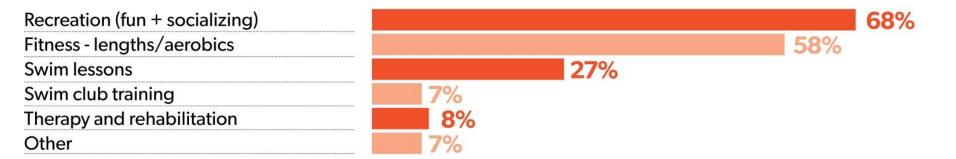
Vibrant Experiences

Flexible + Functional Facilities



107

MAIN ACTIVITIES VISITORS PARTAKE IN:



"My teenagers would like more "things to do" in local pools - rope swings, large slides, lazy rivers, etc. There are few of these facilities in Vancouver, so the demand is high at those locations (e.g. Hillcrest). In past years, we have frequently gone to Ladner Leisure Centre/Eileen Dailly instead, as well as the UBC pool."

-From 2016 VanSplash Survey

Indoor Pools Analysis

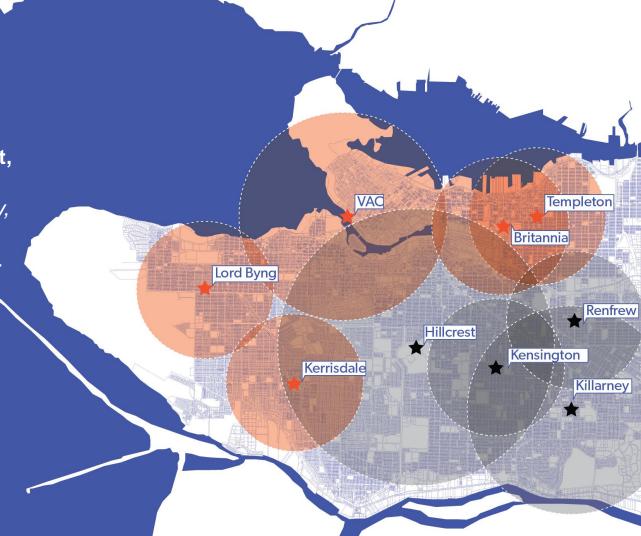
Determine "What's working..."

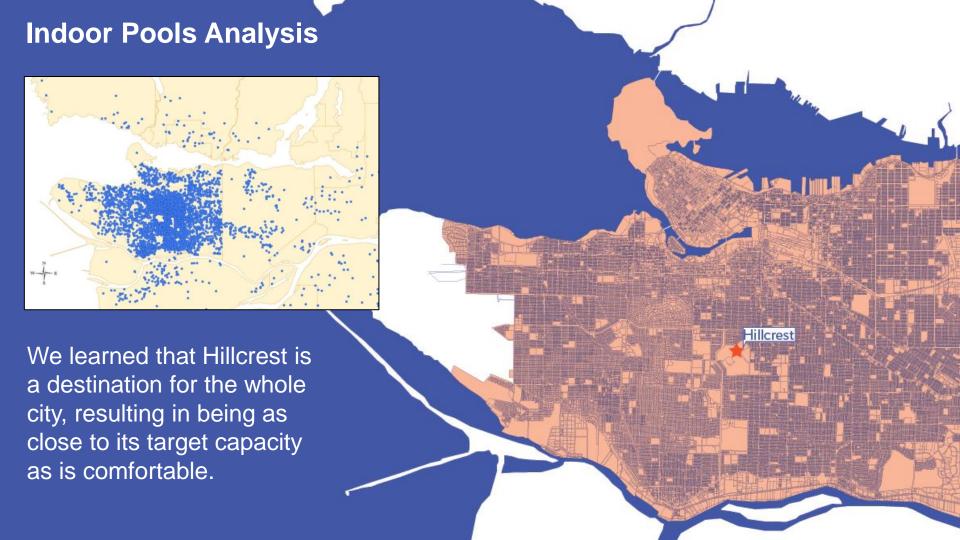
The pools that are the newest, or have had significant investment (Renfrew, Killarney, Hillcrest) are the best utilized and most financially efficient.

Indoor pool use has increased since these investments (from 2.4 to 3.4 swims/capita).

Upgrades recommended

No upgrades recommended





Indoor Pools Analysis

Determine "What's not working..."

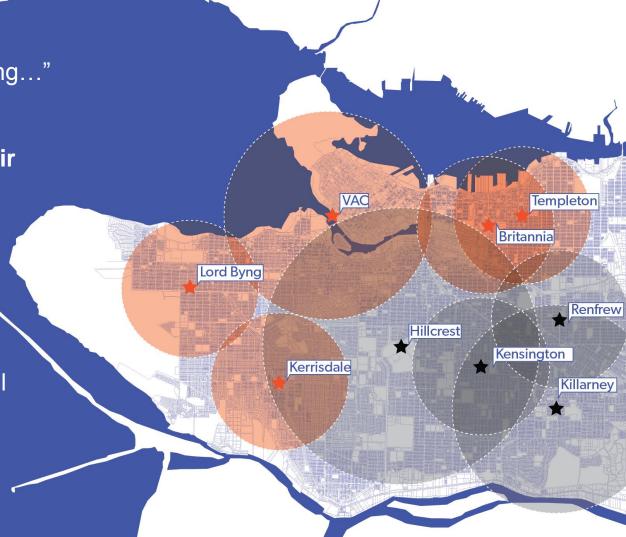
The indoor pools approaching the end of their functional lifespan are the most underutilized, least efficient, and have the highest subsidy per swim (VAC, Kerrisdale, Britannia, Lord Byng, Templeton).

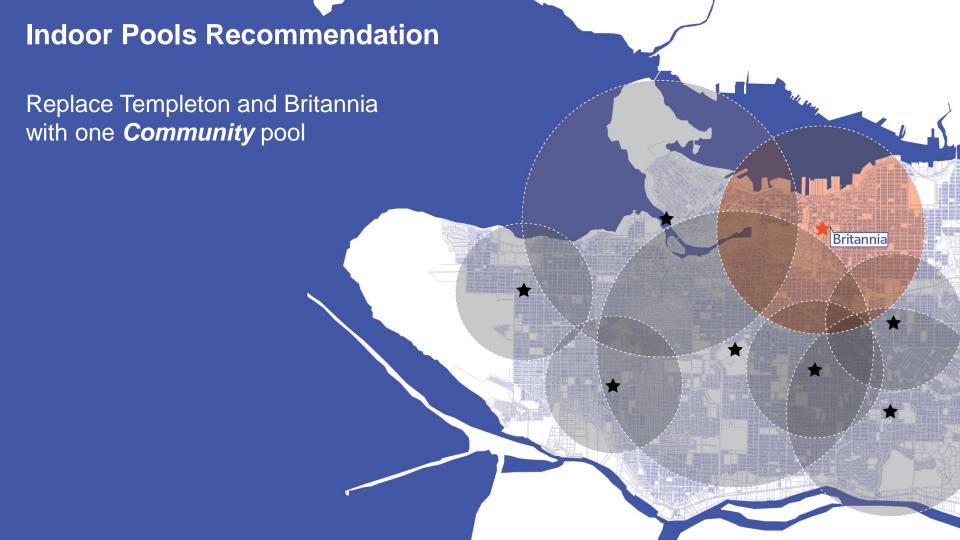
They make up only 34% of all visits to indoor pools.

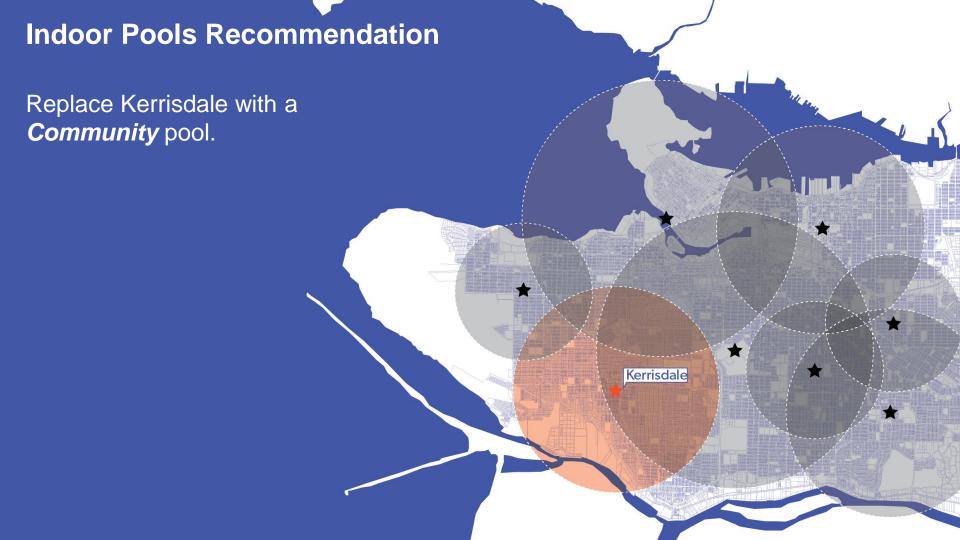
Upgrades recommended

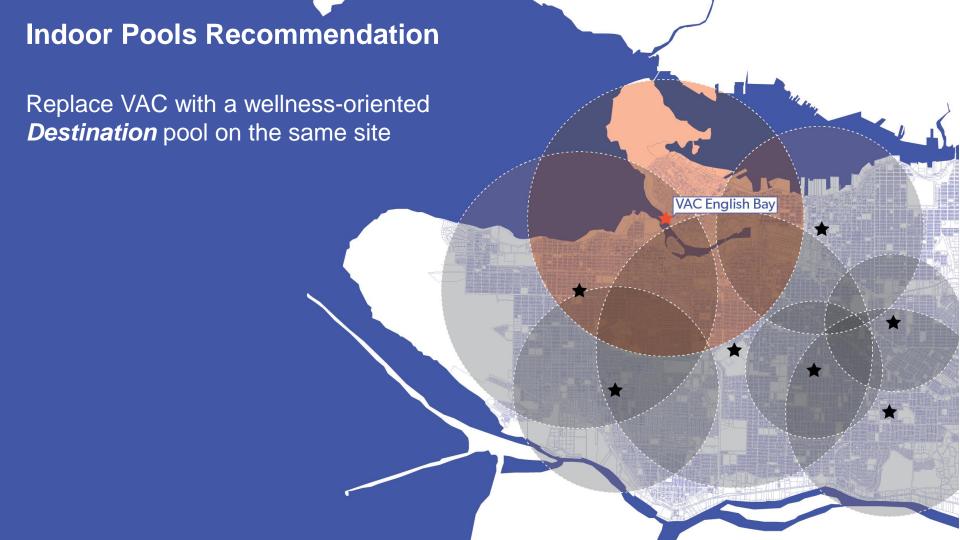


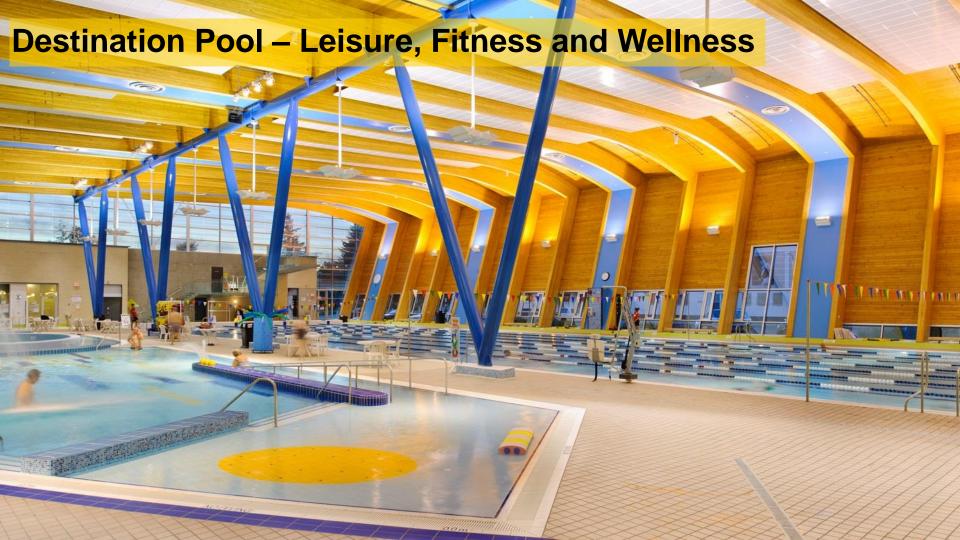
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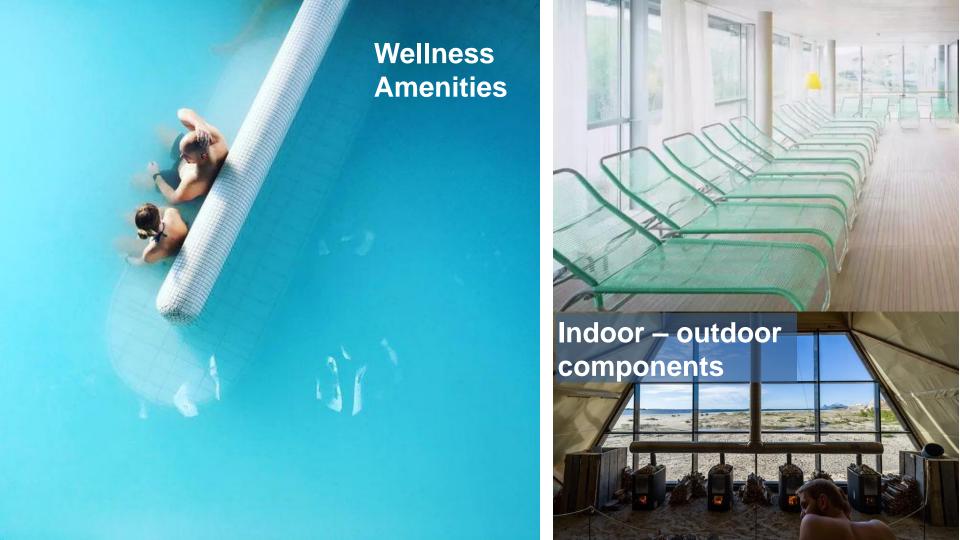


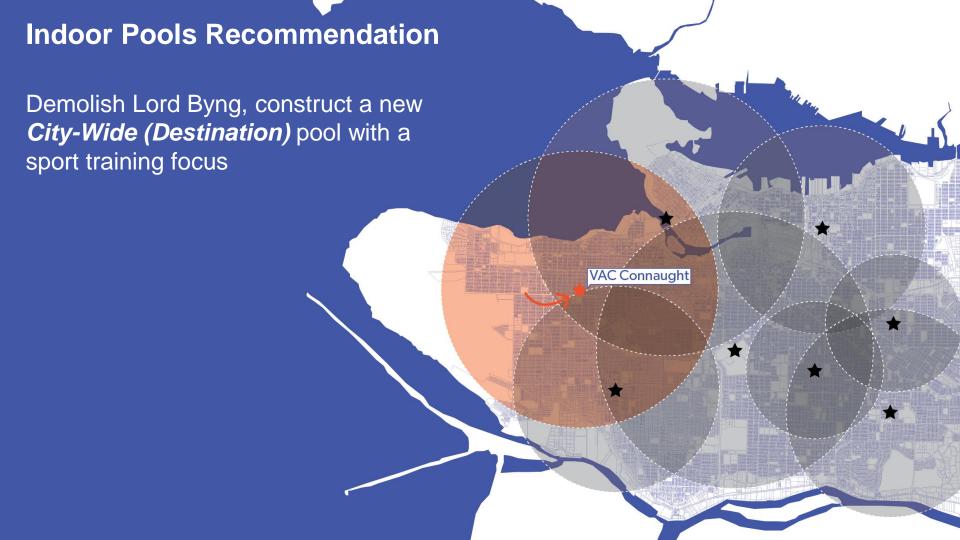


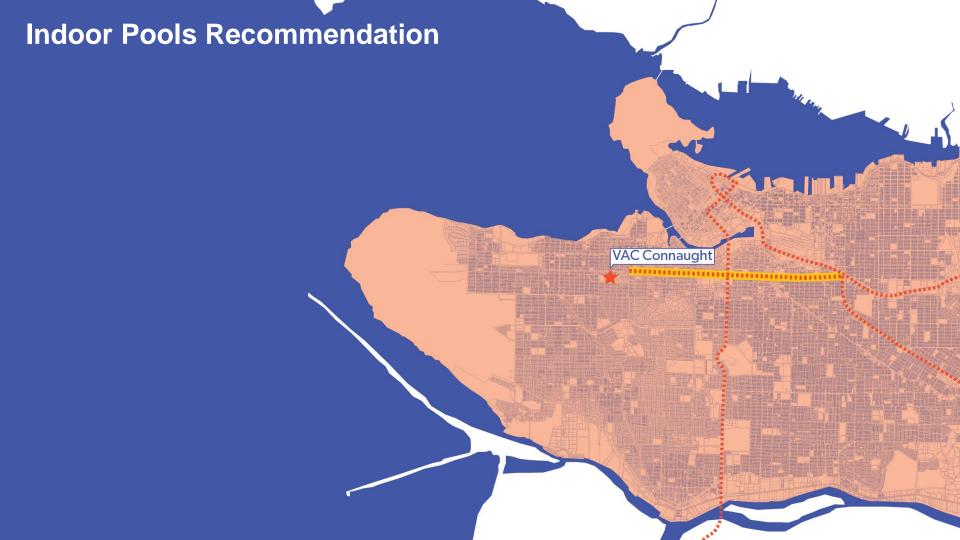












VAC @ Connaught Park





VAC @ Connaught Park



- An initial test fit shows that the pool can be accommodated in a renewed facility complex with minimal effects on park service levels.
- Design and engagement with facility and park users will be undertaken through future study.
- The pool will include sport training and some levels of competition, similar to current VAC pool, as well as a leisure component.

Competitive Pools



- International (and some national) level competitions require separate warm up tanks, additional deck space and deeper tanks. These are different than the year round needs of the community, or majority of events.
- There is now a trend for communities who host international or national competitive events to install temporary tanks at an existing pool, or install two temporary tanks at a non-aquatic facility location (i.e. the PNE's coliseum).

Use of Temporary Pools for Event Hosting







Level of Competition Proposed for VAC @ Connaught



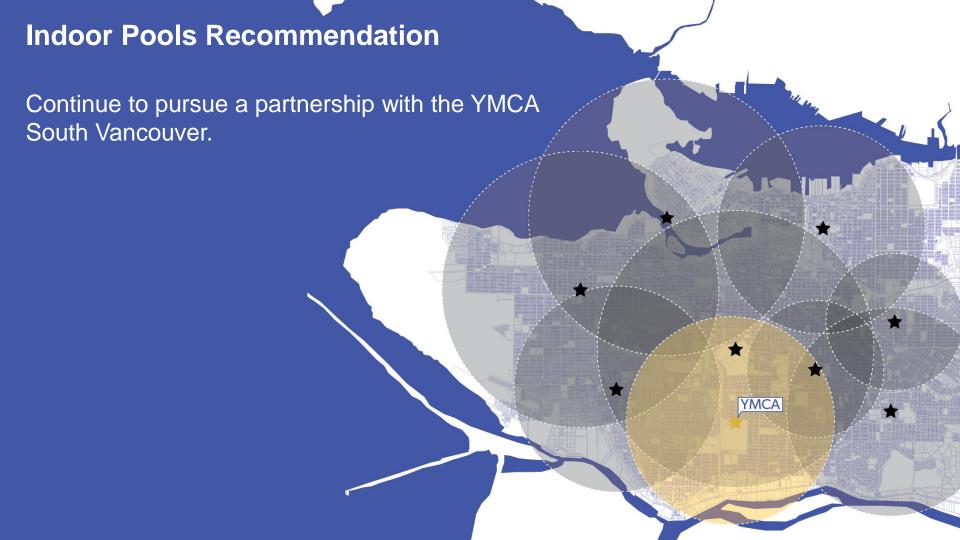
- VAC @ Connaught replaces the existing function of VAC @ English Bay.
- User groups to be engaged during the design phase.

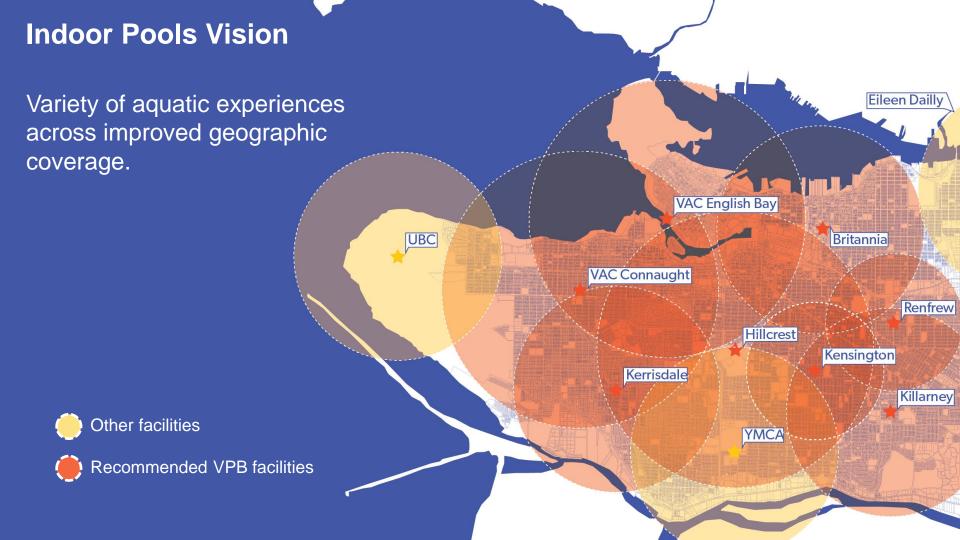
Sport Training	✓
Regional Competitions	✓
Provincial Competitions	✓

Sport Training Pool Location Siting Criteria



Criteria	Connaught	English Bay
Maintain service level and sport uses	√	*
Co-location with other PB facilities	✓	*
Rapid transit access (express bus or rapid transit)	√	*
Feasibility of sufficient parking provision (underground parking)	√	?





Recommended Level of Pool Supply



2017 Recs	2017 2011 Existin Recs
3	½ 2
3	1
2	X 7/9

LEVEL	DESCRIPTION + PROVISION STANDARD	EXAMPLES	PRIMARY AQUATIC SERVICE CATEGORIES DELIVERED
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community (district)	A multi-tank pool with more specialized aquatic services serving one quarter to one half of the City, with capacity for about 400,000 swims per year	Killarney	Therapy and rehab
CITY-WIDE (DESTINATION) (city-serving)	Much more comprehensive multi- tank pools serving all residents of the City, centrally located and easily accessible from all parts of the City, with capacity for about 750,000 to 800,000 swims per year	Hillcrest Vancouver Aquatic Centre	Recreational SwimmingSport trainingLeadership TrainingSpecial Events

Indoor Pools Vision

Replace Templeton and Britannia with one *Community* pool.

Replace Kerrisdale with a *Community* pool.

Demolish Lord Byng, replace with a new City-Wide (Destination) pool with a sport training focus.

Replace VAC with a wellness-oriented **Destination** pool on the same site.

No significant investments to Kensington Pool.

YMCA partnership in south Vancouver.



New



Maintain as-is



New Partnership



Delivery Model



- Focus on Park Board facilities, primarily co-located with rinks and community centres.
- Testing a partnership model: YMCA in South Vancouver (details TBD).

Indoor Pool Replacements/Consolidations

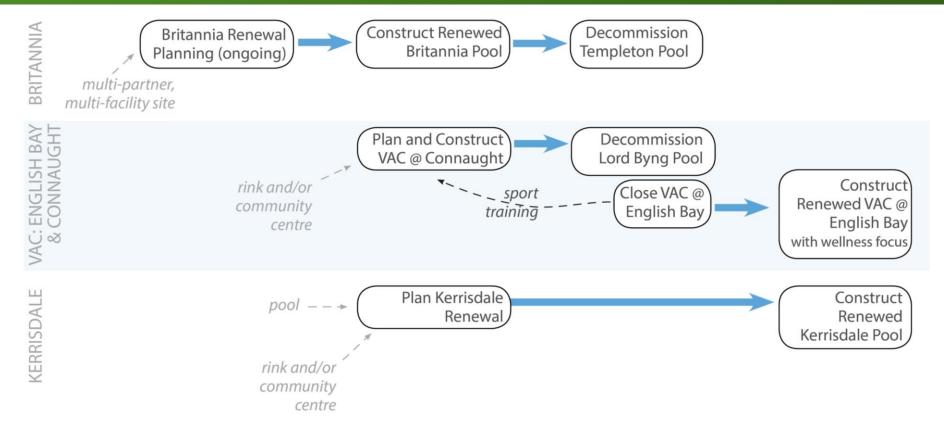


All pools proposed for replacement are at end of their functional life cycle, and all have public pressure.

Pool	Constructed	Renovated	Recommendation
Vancouver Aquatic Centre (English Bay)	1974		Replace
Templeton	1974		Consolidate/decom
Kensington	1979		No future investment
Lord Byng	1979		Consolidate/decom
Kerrisdale	1955	1996	Replace
Britannia	1975	1998	Replace
Renfrew	1963	1970, 2005	Maintain
Killarney	2006		Maintain
Hillcrest	2011		Maintain 129

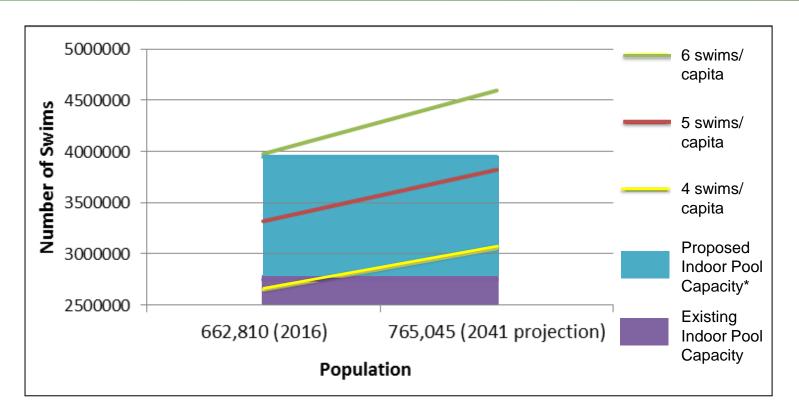
Indoor Pool Recommendations Sequencing





Capacity





^{*} Does not include YMCA.

Balance of Renewal and Growth



- Approximately 70% of the proposal is renewal and service enhancement.
- Approximately 30% of the proposal is for population growth, based off current projections.

Approach



- Co-locate facilities with rinks and community centres.
- Move away from neighbourhood scale pools to offer greater diversity of experiences.
- Plan to decommission or replace older pools, which are operationally less efficient, require higher subsidies and are less popular with users.



Context









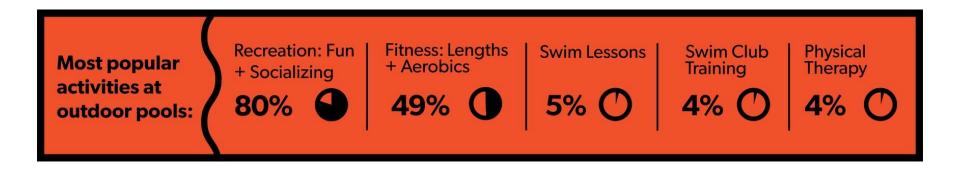




Approach



The 2017 Strategy balances recreation and fitness through a range of outdoor pool facilities and experiences.



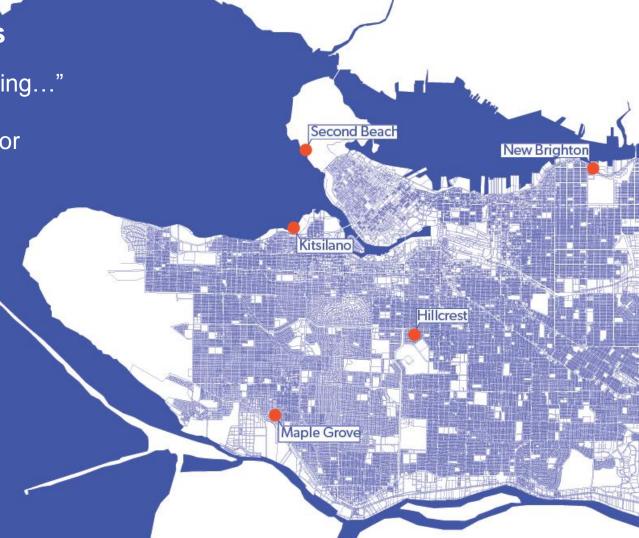
Outdoor Pool Analysis

Determine "What's not working..."

change rooms at all outdoor pools are inadequate

 concession stands/food services for all outdoor pools could be improved

inadequate shade



Recommendations – Existing Pools



- Continue to invest in existing pools to keep them as gems within Vancouver.
- Review + Upgrade change rooms and concession stands/food services for all outdoor pools.
- Consider upgrades to provide shade, and potentially chair and umbrella rentals.
- Consider integrating hot tubs at New Brighton, Kitsilano and Second Beach Pools.



Outdoor Pools Analysis

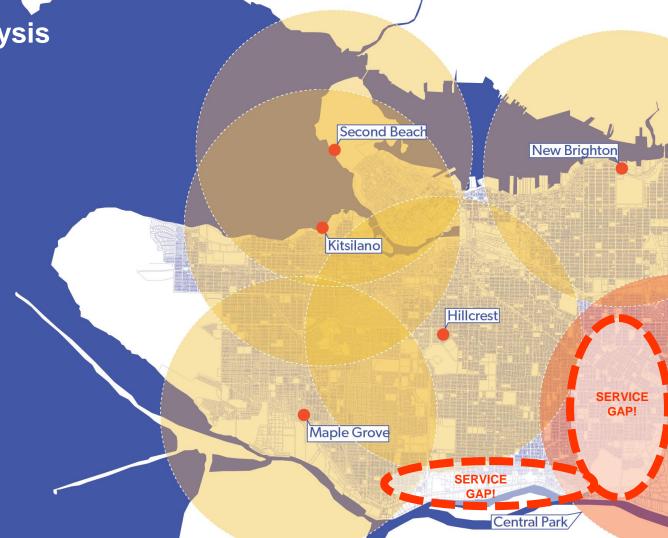




4km radius shown, no previous standard for outdoor pools.

Burnaby's Central Park provides outdoor fitness swimming.

Gap for outdoor leisure swimming in south-east Vancouver.



Criteria on locating outdoor pools



Co-locate outdoor components with indoor pools, rather than stand-alone neighbourhood outdoor pools.

- More swim opportunities and swim participants
- Lower subsidy required per swim
- Extended outdoor season
- Shared staff guarding, maintenance customer service
- Shared operations admissions, marketing, program development
- Shared infrastructure facility, change rooms
- Shared mechanical systems
- Access to services, amenities and features

Criteria on locating outdoor pools



- Prioritization given to service area gaps south-central and south-east Vancouver.
- Emphasis on providing a range of experiences across the system including leisure swimming and water play, not exclusively fitness swimming.
- The outdoor pool system is further supplemented by other outdoor aquatic amenities.

Outdoor Pool – Expediting Delivery



In response to the Board motion on "Expediting New Outdoor Pools" that was passed by the Board on May 30, 2016:

THAT the Vancouver Board of Parks and Recreation direct staff to explore quick start strategies, including here allocation of existing capital funding, to expedite the construction of new outdoor pools in the City of Vancouver.

\$200,000 of funding has been allocated in 2017 for the planning and design of an outdoor pool.

Pop-up Pool – Why Not



- Staff returned to the Board with a report reference on July 25, 2016 to provide an overview of pop-up pool examples, costs, target design criteria and draft location criteria. Staff committed to returning to the Board to present recommendations.
- Further feasibility analysis revealed that due to their complexity, timeline for construction (including the same permitting process as a permanent facility) and cost, they did not meet the criteria to move ahead.



Killarney Outdoor Pool

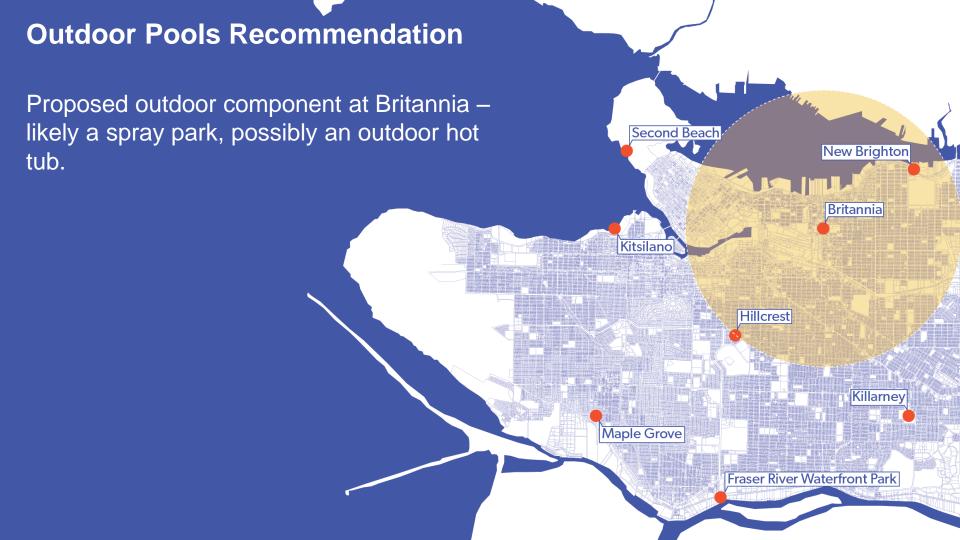


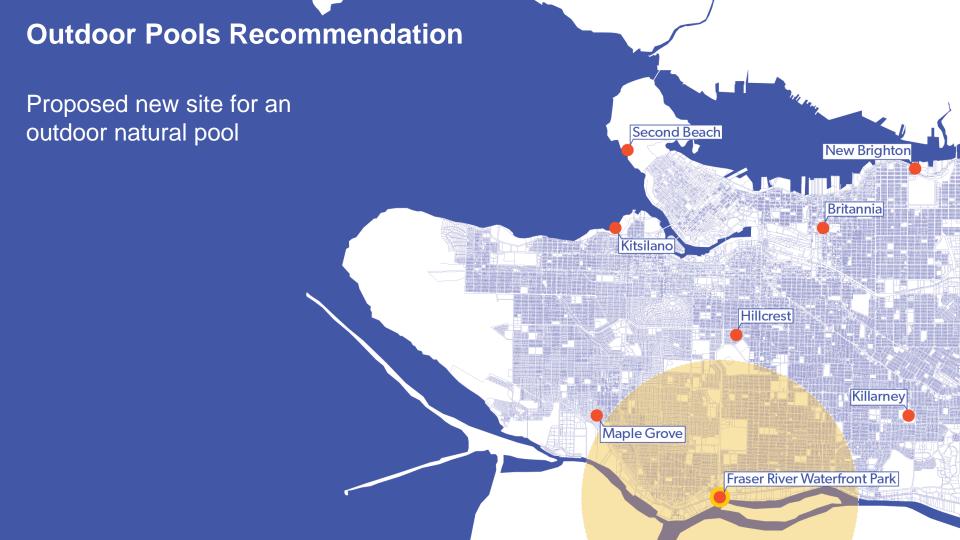
- Co-location with indoor pool, community centre and seniors centre.
- Identified service gap in outdoor leisure swimming in south east Vancouver.

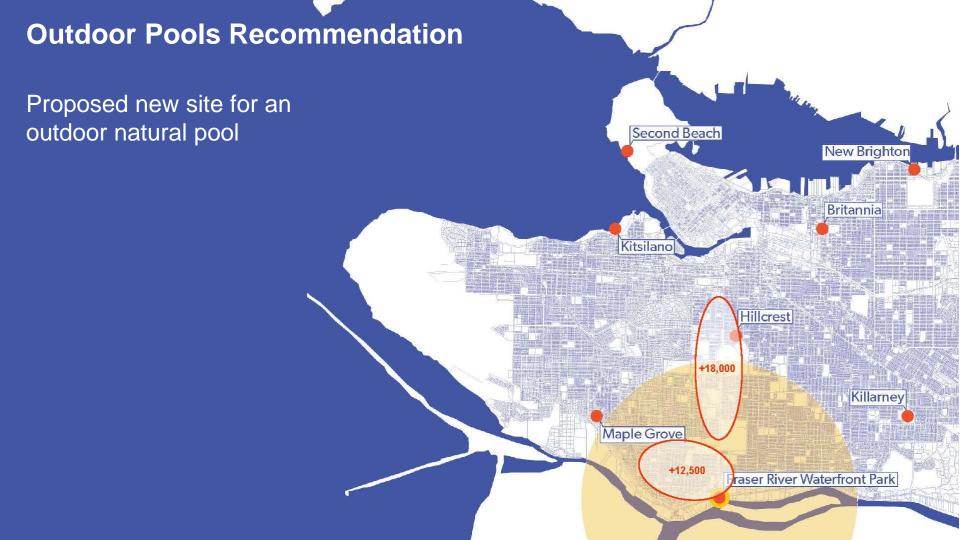












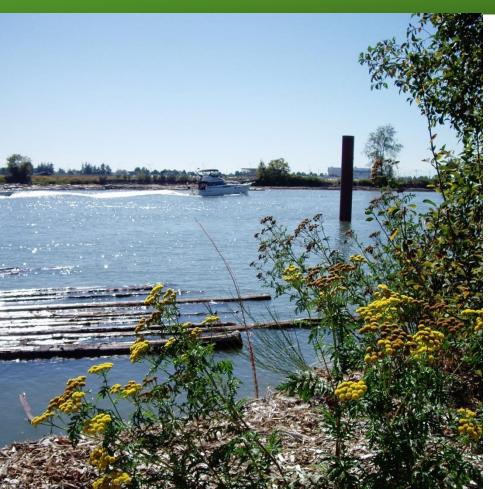
Fraser River Destination Park





Fraser River







Natural Pool













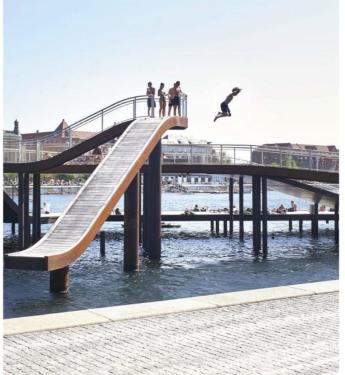


Harbour Deck



Explore opportunities for a harbour deck.

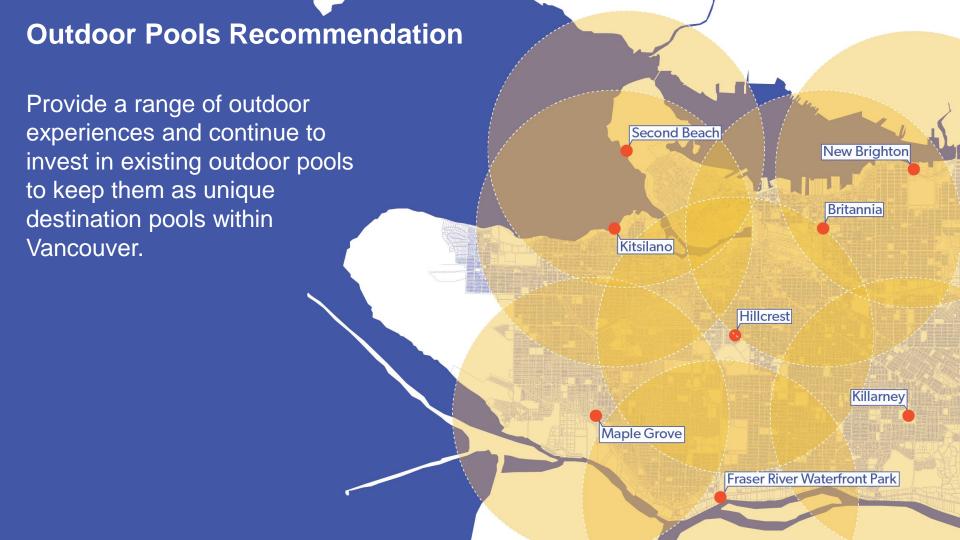




Harbour Deck Locational Criteria



- Location to be aligned with current popular swimming location, accessibility, adjacent amenities.
- Engineering/technical aspects i.e. tidal, exposure to storms.
- Water Quality
- Further study is needed to determine a location, beyond VanSplash.



Outdoor Pools Recommendation

Provide a new outdoor leisure pool at the existing Killarney Community indoor pool location.

Provide a new outdoor component (possibly spray and hot tub) at the new Britannia Community indoor pool location.

Provide a new Destination natural outdoor pool along the Fraser River.

Consider a Harbour Deck in a prominent location.

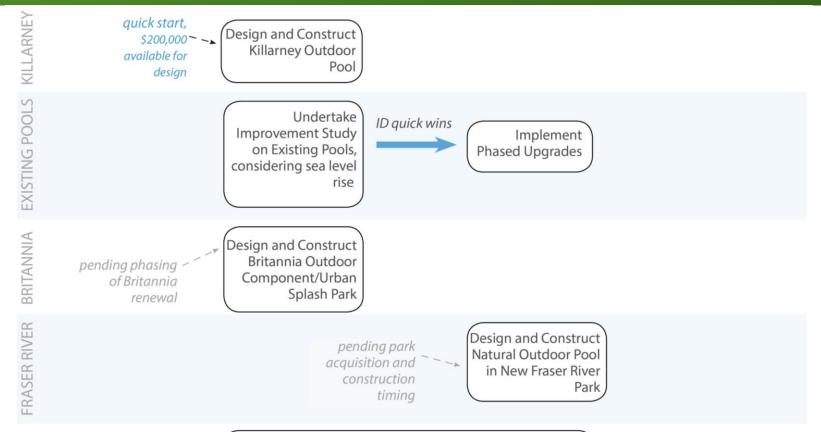


Upgrade existing facility



Outdoor Pool Recommendations Sequencing





Seek opportunities to integrate a Harbour Deck



Spray Parks + Wading Pools Spray Park Wading Pool

Spray Parks and Wading Pools



- Experiences provided by wading pools and spray parks provide an introduction to water.
- VPB currently operates 14 spray parks.
- VPB currently operates 16 fill-and-draw wading pools, which are gradually being converted to spray parks or decommissioned, consistent with trends across Canadian urban centres.

Spray Parks



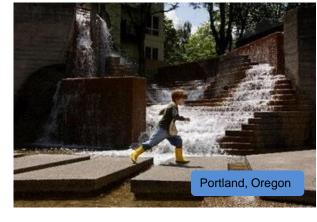
- Spray parks offer a greater range of use and accessibility, greater level of safety and are more socially inclusive.
- They can be utilized as play areas outside of spray park season, and do not need to be supervised, extending their use to more hours of a day.
- Spray parks can be designed as public space attractions.

















Board Motion – Wading Pool Retrofit



On June 13, 2016 a Board resolution was passed:

- A. THAT the Vancouver Board of Parks and Recreation direct staff to report back to the Board by the end of summer of 2016 with wading pool locations suitable for a pilot project to retrofit the pool with a salt water sanitization system and a custom safety cover and liner; and
- B. FURTHER THAT this wading pool retrofit pilot project be operational for the summer 2017 wading pool season, with funds to be reallocated from existing capital funds earmarked for decommissioning wading pools.

Wading Pool Challenges



- Existing wading pools do not meet Health Act regulations, compelling significant conversion or removal.
- Unfortunately, conversion to salt water sanitization systems will not meet Health Act regulations.

Current Operation Requirements



Our current wading pools must be:

- Filled daily with potable water,
- Disinfected and tested throughout the day (regardless of sanitization system),
- Drained before dark and left empty over night, and
- Drained at specific intervals during the daytime.

Additional Conversion Considerations



- Replacement or retrofitting of the existing wading pools may trigger additional elements of the legislation, including:
 - A recirculation system,
 - Security fence and lockable gate, and
 - Lifeguards.
- If the pools were to be retrofitted, additional design and operations modifications would be required:
 - Water servicing
 - Universal accessibility
 - Siting of pool

Brewers Park and Clinton Park – Wading Pool Feedback



- People generally see a spray park as more dynamic and more fun than a wading pool.
- People want the water to be activated more hours of the day and for more days of the week and recognize a spray park provides this flexibility.
- A few people are concerned about the practicality for small children.
- Positive reviews of nearby Pandora and Norquay Spray Parks.

Wading Pool and Spray Park Recommendations



- Continue to phase-out all wading pools, converting to spray parks or closing them, pending location criteria to be identified through the Parks and Recreation Service Master Plan as well as consultation with communities. In the mean time, follow interim criteria.
- Where possible, design spray parks in a way that water can be recycled for park use, i.e.: adjacent irrigation or water features. (aligned with Board Motion: Water Conservation Strategy, 11/2015)

Spray Park Location – Interim Criteria



Destination Spray Parks

- At destination parks or highly urban parks serving large population i.e. NEFC
- Co-located with indoor or outdoor pools.

Neighbourhood Spray Parks

- 1km service radius, priority based off greatest social and geographic need.
- Consideration of condition and age of nearby spray parks, capacity of nearby spray parks without capacity for expansion.
- Co-location with washrooms/community centre.
- Demographics: high density, significant number of families
- Priority to those with potential for wading pool conversion.
- Strong community support through park development process.

Beaches

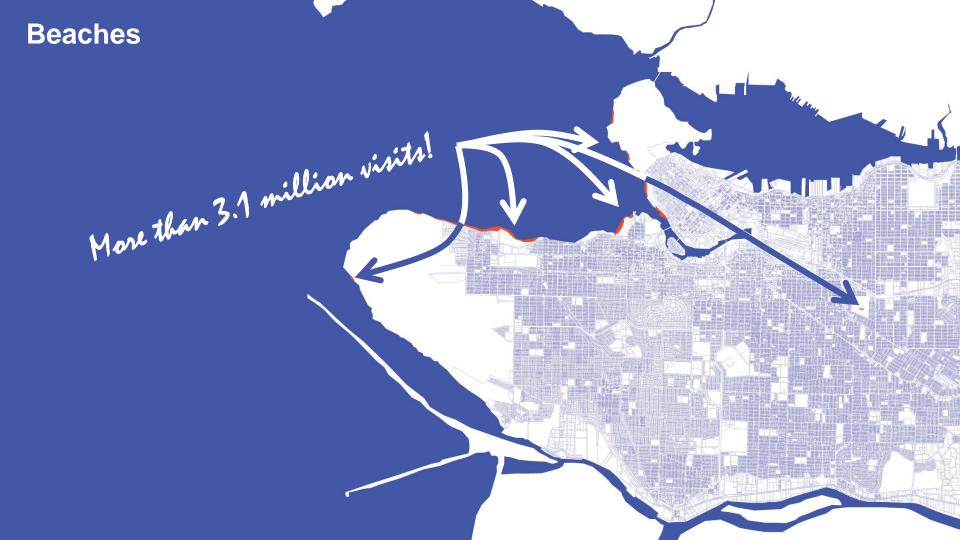












Recommendations



- Provide additional opportunities for shade.
- Enhance beach use data collection to better understand how our beaches are used, and how we may improve them in the future.



Recommendations



- Install temporary urban beaches to increase equity of beach experience at key locations in the City.
- Explore options for temporary water play (wibits).





The Park Board has passed a number of motions related to water quality including:

- Shoreline Protection from Boat Discharge (02/2015)
- Vancouver Recreational Water Quality (04/2015)
- Residents and Recreational Boaters Good Neighbour Campaign (06/2015)



Recognizing the aspects of the City of Vancouver Council motion on notice of May 30, 2017 regarding the Waterfront Initiative that are under Park Board jurisdiction, including:

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, as a first step, the Waterfront Initiative focus on establishing and implementing a series of Quick Starts including those focused on measures to make high use waterways in Trout Lake and False Creek safely accessible by swimmers in advance of Summer 2018.



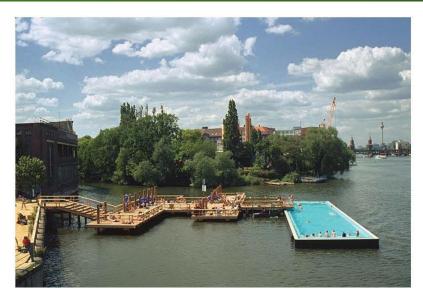
- Swimming already occurs in Trout Lake despite occasional water quality problems (e. coli in summer).
- There has been decades of work on water quality to maintain swimming in the lake.



 The Draft John Hendry Park Master Plan includes recommendations on further action to improve water quality at Trout Lake (in concert with Engineering).



- Explore a solution to providing interim swimming experience while water quality improvements are sought.
- Test the feasibility of a floating pool in False Creek:
 - Engineering/ environmental/ technical aspects i.e. tidal, exposure to storms, use of potable water.
 - Cost
 - Proximity to beaches
 - Footprint (amount of waterfront)
 - Accessibility



- Permitting
- Compatibility with other uses, colocation would be optimal
- Further study is needed, beyond VanSplash, to test the idea.



Next Steps



- Public Engagement September 2017
- Recommendations to Board December 2017

